

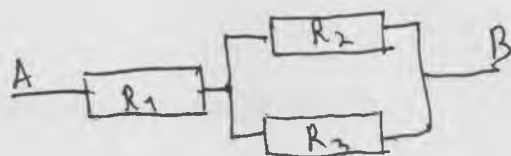
5) Дано:

$$R_1 = R_2 = R$$

$$R_3 = 3R$$

$$Q_1 = 160 \text{ Дж}$$

$$Q_3 = ?$$



R_2, R_3 — параллельно

$$\frac{1}{R_{2,3}} = \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3}$$

$$R_{2,3} = \frac{R_2 \cdot R_3}{R_2 + R_3} = \frac{R \cdot 3R}{R + 3R} = \frac{3R^2}{4R} = \frac{3}{4}R$$

$$Q_1 = I^2 R_1 t_{15} = I^2 R t_{15}$$

$$Q_{2,3} = I^2 R_{2,3} t_{15} = \frac{3}{4} Q_1$$

$$Q = I^2 R t_{15} = 160 \text{ (1)}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} Q_1 = Q_2 + Q_3$$

$$\frac{3}{4} Q_1 = I_2^2 R t_{15} + I_3^2 3R t_{15}$$

$$I = \frac{U}{R} = I_2 + I_3$$

~~$$I_2 = I$$~~

$$I_2 = \frac{U}{R}, I_3 = \frac{U}{3R}$$

$$I_2 = 3I_3$$

$$I_3 + I_2 = I$$

$$I_3 + 3I_3 = I$$

$$4I_3 = I$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{3}{4} Q_1 &= \left(\frac{3}{4} I \right)^2 R t_{15} + \left(\frac{1}{4} I \right)^2 3R t_{15} \\ &= \frac{9}{16} I^2 R t_{15} + \frac{3}{16} I^2 R t_{15} \end{aligned}$$

~~$$Q_3 = Q_1 + Q_2$$~~

(1)

~~$$\frac{3}{16} \cdot 160 = 160 - \frac{9}{16} \cdot 160$$~~

$$15 \cdot 4 = 60$$

~~$$Q_3 = \frac{3}{16} I^2 R t_{15} = 30 \cdot 4 = 120 \text{ Дж}$$~~

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5) Ha maso geümblyon uura F_T , F_H u F_c

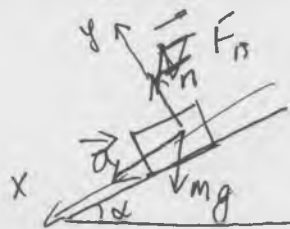
$$F_H = \frac{F_T}{\cos d} = \frac{mg}{\cos d}$$

$$F_c = F_H \cdot \sin d = \frac{mg}{\cos d} \cdot \sin d = mg \cdot \operatorname{tg} d$$

$$F_c = \frac{mV^2}{R}, \quad \text{m.k.} \quad g = \frac{V^2}{R}$$

$$mg \cdot \operatorname{tg} d = \frac{mV^2}{R}$$

$$R = \frac{mV^2}{mg \cdot \operatorname{tg} d} = \frac{V^2}{g \cdot \operatorname{tg} d}$$



Answer: $\frac{V^2}{g \cdot \operatorname{tg} d}$

2) $M = 0,5 \text{ k}$
 $m = 0,15 \text{ k}$
 $l = 0,26 \text{ M}$
 $V_A = ?$

$$0 = mV_A \cos d - (M+m)V_c$$

$$V_c = \frac{mV_A \cos d}{M+m}$$

$$l = (V_A \cos d + V_c) \cdot t$$

$$l = \left(V_A \cos d + \frac{mV_A \cos d}{M+m} \right) \cdot t$$

$$t = \frac{2V_A \sin d}{g}$$

$$l = V_A \cos d \left(1 + \frac{m}{M+m} \right) \frac{2V_A \sin d}{g}$$

$$l = \frac{V^2}{g} 2 \cos d \sin d \left(1 + \frac{m}{M+m} \right)$$

$$l = \frac{V^2 \sin 2\alpha}{g} \left(1 + \frac{m}{M+m} \right)$$

$$V = \sqrt{\frac{lg}{\sin 2\alpha \left(1 + \frac{m}{M+m} \right)}}$$

umk usprosmo bygem nu $\alpha = 45^\circ, \Rightarrow \sin 2 \cdot 45 = 1$

$$V = \sqrt{\frac{0,23 \cdot 10}{1 + \frac{0,15}{0,5 + 0,15}}}$$

$$= 1,45 \frac{\text{M}}{\text{c}}$$

Answer: $1,45 \frac{\text{M}}{\text{c}}$

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$$1) F_A - m_1 g = F_{c_1} = k v_0$$

m_2

$$(p_2 g V_1 - p_T V_2) = k v_0$$



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